

## A high-throughput fluorescence polarization assay for discovering inhibitors targeting the DNA-binding domain of signal transducer and activator of transcription 3 (STAT3)

### SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS

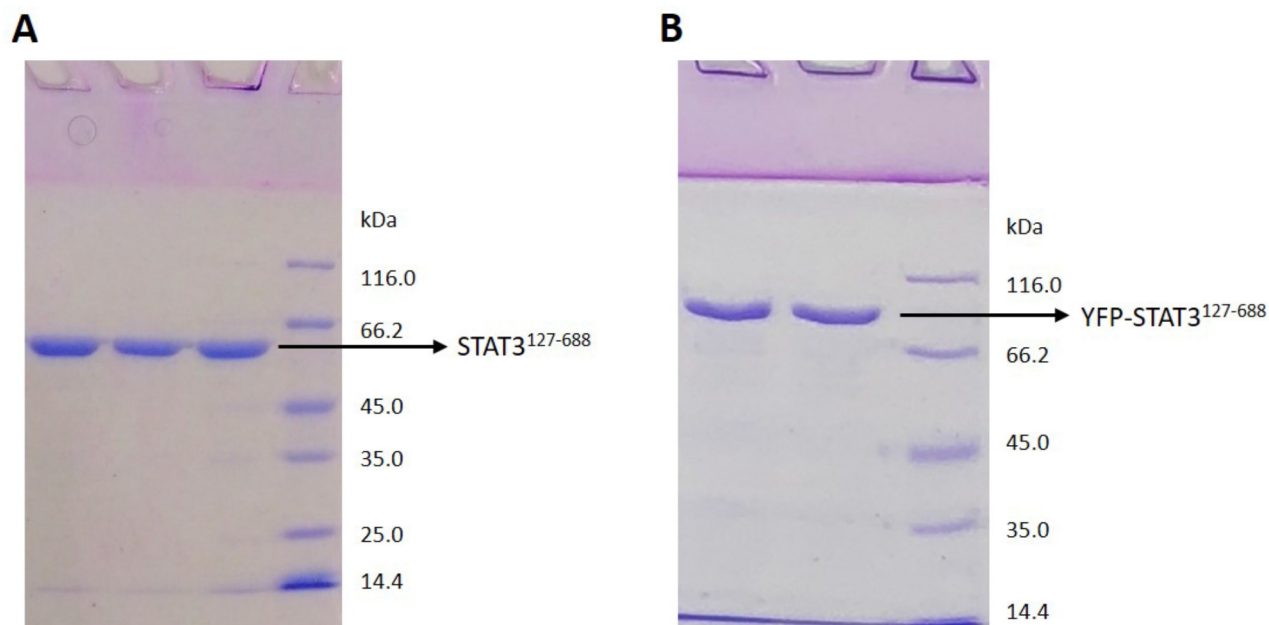
The recombinant pET-32a(+) plasmid containing the STAT3<sup>127-688</sup> gene has the same STAT3 sequence as the plasmid including a yellow fluorescent protein YFP-STAT3<sup>127-688</sup>. The recombinant fusion protein YFP-STAT3<sup>127-688</sup> was expressed and purified using the methods adapted from those for STAT3<sup>127-688</sup>. The purity of YFP-STAT3<sup>127-688</sup> is shown in Supplementary Figure 1B.

### SUPPLEMENTARY METHODS

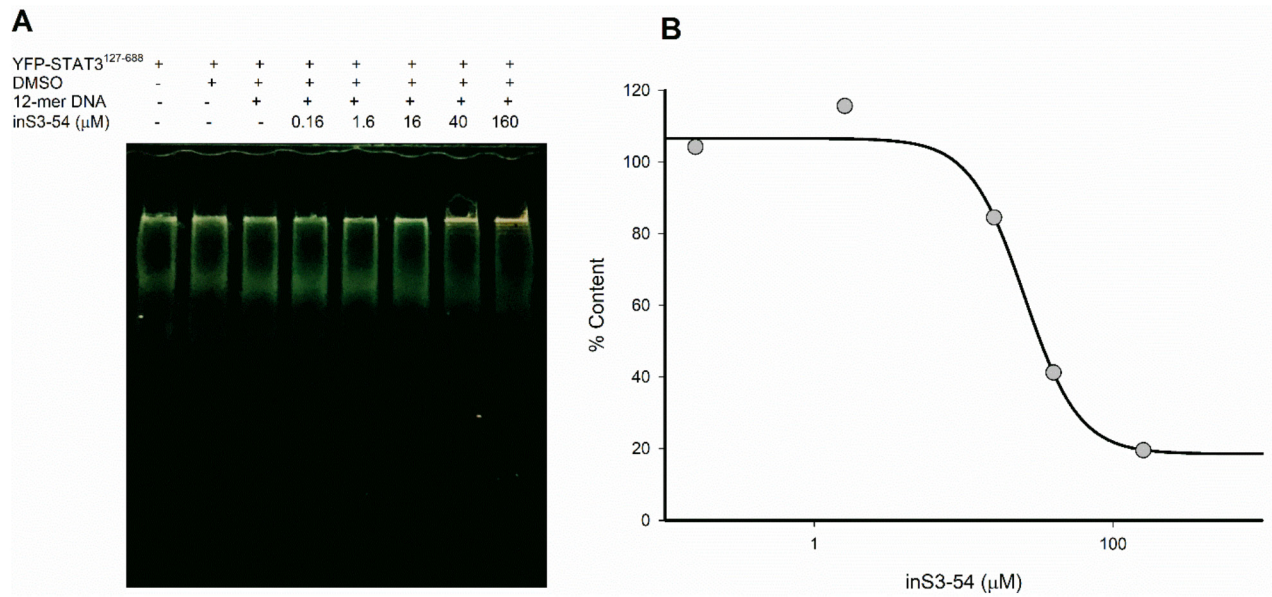
#### PEMSA method

The ion-exchange purification of YFP-STAT3<sup>127-688</sup> protein required elution into a buffer containing ~400 mM NaCl, 25 mM Tris, 1 mM DTT, pH 8.5. Purity was shown by SDS-PAGE (Supplementary Figure 1). Incubation of the protein with inhibitors and the 12-mer unlabelled

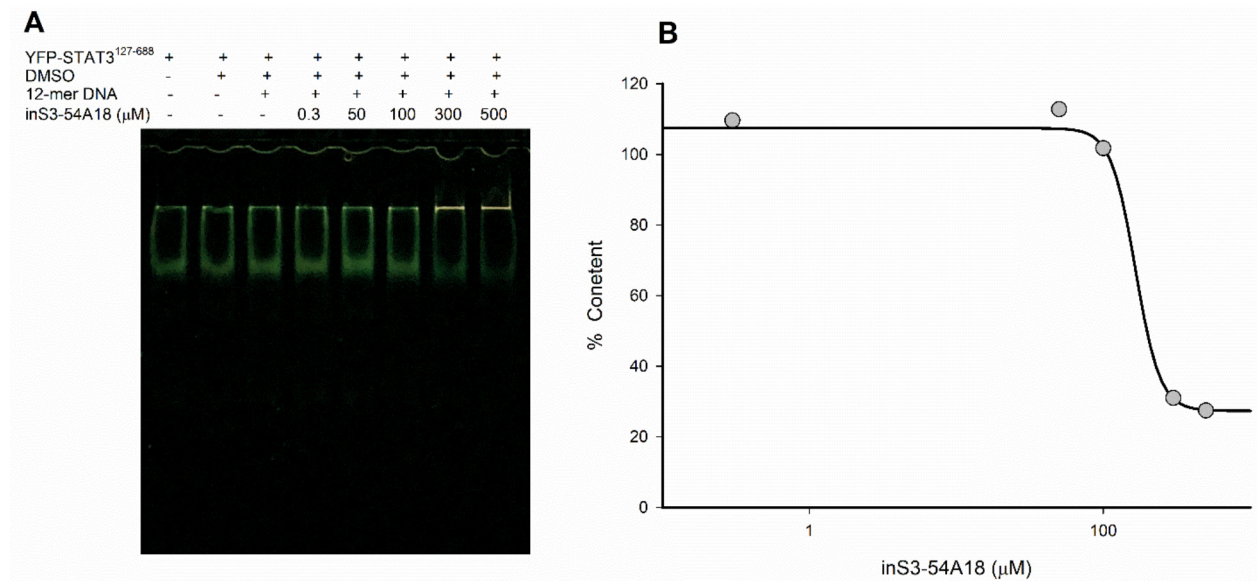
DNA was carried out using procedures identical to those for STAT3<sup>127-688</sup>. The PEMSAs were carried out using a method adapted from Nkansah et al. [41]. Briefly, samples were prepared with a mixture of a binding buffer (20 mM HEPES, 0.03 mM EDTA, 1 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 40 mM KCl, 0.2 mg/ml BSA and 8% glycerol), the 12-mer unlabelled consensus DNA (6 μM) and the purified YFP-STAT3<sup>127-688</sup> (0.8 μM), and incubated for 24 hr at 4°C. 5% native polyacrylamide (37.5:1 acrylamide:bis ratio) gels (20 mM Tris, pH 8.3, 18 mM boric acid, 2 mM EDTA and 1% glycerol) were pre-run with running buffer (25 mM Tris, pH 8.3, 22.5 mM boric acid and 2.5 mM EDTA) at 150 volts at 4°C for 2 hr. After that, the incubated samples were loaded onto the gels and run at 150 volts at 4°C for 70 min. The results were visualized using a Safe Imager Transilluminator, and the analyses were carried out using ImageJ and SigmaPlot 13.



**Supplementary Figure 1: Purity of STAT3<sup>127-688</sup> and YFP-STAT3<sup>127-688</sup>.** (A) The purity of the STAT3<sup>127-688</sup> (lanes 1-3) was verified using SDS-PAGE. (B) The purity of the YFP-STAT3<sup>127-688</sup> (lanes 1-2) was verified using SDS-PAGE.



**Supplementary Figure 2: Validation of the inhibitory effect of inS3-54 on YFP-STAT3<sup>127-688</sup>:DNA association using PEMSAs. (A)** The native polyacrylamide gel shows a decrease of fluorescent intensity when the concentration of inS3-54 is increased (log scale x-axis). **(B)** The DBD inhibitor inS3-54 shows an  $IC_{50}$  of  $\sim 26 \mu$ M.



**Supplementary Figure 3: Validation of the inhibitory effect of inS3-54A18 on YFP-STAT3<sup>127-688</sup>:DNA association using PEMSAs. (A)** The native polyacrylamide gel shows a decrease of fluorescent intensity when the concentration of inS3-54A18 is increased (log scale x-axis). **(B)** inS3-54A18 shows an  $IC_{50}$  of  $\sim 165 \mu$ M.