## Education in the Open Government Partnership Commitments

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Prologue...

We live in a **datafied** society where almost everything is transformed into data, quantified and analysed (**Schäfer & Van Es, 2017**).



From birth to death - studying, voting, buying, relationships, working, travelling - practically every activity we do leaves a **digital footprint** behind, and this data can be used as a political tool.

We need to understand how data about us is created and used by governments, political campaigns, media and technology companies in order to make informed decisions as citizens and individuals



## Open Data as OER

Datasets which are freely available online and openly-licensed can be used in learning and teaching to give students authentic experiences of working with the same raw data used by researchers and policymakers



resources-case-studies-of-emerging-practice

## Open Governmen Partnership

Coalition of **70+ countries** advocating & fostering

- transparency,
- accountability and
- participation

### OGP core components

- National Commitments
- Public Documents
- Open Data



#### Opening government data in order to ...



#### Open Education: 19 OGP Commitments

- 1. Azerbaijan
  - 2. Brazil (2)
- 3. El Salvador
  - 4. Estonia
  - 5. Greece
  - 6. Indonesia
    - 7. Ireland
    - 8. Italy (3)
- 9. Ivory Coast (2)
  - 10. Romania (2)
    - 11. Slovakia
      - 12. Spain
      - 13. USA (2)

#### But 128 Commitments which relate to one or more of the following...

Access to Information Anti-Corruption Public Service Capacity Building Education **Open Education** Civic Education **Civic-Public Participation Open Data Open Government** Citizen Participatory Budgeting **Fiscal Openness** Transparency Accountability

Core educational challenges of the datafied society



OGP members must commit to citizenship education in order to foster participation developing and supporting policies that promote forms of OEP that develop a data literate citizenry

Key literacies: Statistical, Political and Oedia.

## Digital and data divides

The illusion of access promoted by computers provokes a confusion between the presentation of information and the capacity to use, sort and interpret it.

(Brabazon, 2001)

...as with the earlier discussion concerning the 'digital divide' there would, in this context, appear to be some *confusion* between movements to enhance citizen 'access' to data and the related issues concerning enhancing citizen 'use' of this data.

(Gurstein, 2011)

### Bridging education and participation

Educational and citizenship programmes should form a bridge between civil society, industry, research and politics, promoting the development of an informed citizenship, allowing citizens to critically participate.



## OEP/OpenPedagogy

We use the term Open Pedagogy to refer to a subset of OEP, concerned specifically with the philosophy and design of teaching and learning activities which use or create open resources, or operate in open contexts.

### Detectors and Effectors (Food & Margetts, 2007)

**Detectors** gather information (and data) from individuals and society

**Effectors** seek to influence people



## Open Pedagogy of Citizenship

Empower open educators and learners to become cognisant of the rhetorical and influential techniques used by governments, the media and corporations, so that they can become information gatherers (detectors) and influencial agencs (effectors) in society

### Attention to Social Justice

Open Data alone does not promote social justice, as it can easily marginalise and exclude people from the interactions produced by those who know how to use data effectively, hindering them from participating in the decisions of society by making them merely objects of study Johnson (2014)

### Attention to Social Justice



## Fostering participation

Using OD to foster citizenship in education require to establish connections between learning and *socio-political problems*. So individuals can learn to check and evaluate the information presented in the media and in social networks, to make politically responsible decisions through the understanding of democratic and social processes, using the same raw materials used by the civil society, scientists, the press, the industry, the government and NGOs in their efforts to develop policies and research

## Practice Civic Monitoring

**Civic Oonicoring** as OEP promotes active citizenship by training people in controlling the governmental activities (**Bucciglione & Reggi, 2015**). This model of **civic participation** must be acknowledged by **OGP** members when developing commitments and action plans in relation to:

Access to Information; Anti-corruption; Capacity building: Education; Civic Education; Public Participation Open Gov Data; Participatory budgeting: Gransparency and Accountability

### Practice knowledge co-creation



## Open Pedagogy of Civizenship

1) Embed political, media and statistical literacies to develop transversal skills for lifelong and lifewide learning;

2) Enable people to understand and critically analyse information and data from media and government sources;

3) **Empower** people to become critically engaged data intermediaries who are empowered to act as social detectors and effectors in the service of **social justice and democratic values**.

## List of spells

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## List of spells

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Schield, M. (2004). Information Literacy, Statistical Literacy and Data Literacy. IASSIST Quarterly, (August), 6–11.

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