**Demographics and basic clinical** Date of birth\* information Sex\* Country of origin\* Ethnicity\* Date first seen at department\* Date of most recent clinic visit Date of first positive HIV1-Ab test\* If known, date of last negative HIV-1 Ab test\* Mode of HIV-infection\* Mode of HCV-infection† Body weight Height\* **Blood** pressure **Smoking status** Alcohol abuse\*\* Injection drug use\*\* Pregnancy and mother to child transmission‡ **Laboratory values HIV-RNA** CD4 cell count CD8 cell count§ Haemoglobin\*\* Serum creatinine **Platelets** ALT (alanine transaminase) AST (aspartate transaminase) Albumin Bilirubin INR\*\* Total cholesterol HDL cholesterol LDL cholesterol Serum triglycerides HbA1c Plasma glucose Urine dipstick HBsAg (hepatitis B virus s-antigen) HBV-DNA, anti-HBs (hepatitis B surface antibody), HBc-IgG (hepatitis B core antibody), IgM + IgG anti-HBc (hepatitis B core antibody total)‡ Anti-HCV IgG (anti-hepatitis C virus antibodies) **HCV-RNA** HCV genotype and subtype Parathyroid hormone‡ Prostate specific antigen‡ Other tests Resistance test Plasma samples

Antiretroviral therapy	HLA B*5701§  Bone mass density§  Fibroscan†  Liver biopsy  CT and/or Ultrasound of abdomen/liver performed?†  Start- and stop-dates  Reason for discontinuation  Adherence to antiretroviral therapy‡  Hypersensitivity reactions and liver toxicity to integrase inhibitors¤
Treatment related to risk of cardiovascular disease	Start- and stop-dates of antihypertensives, ACE-inhibitors, insulin or derivates hereof, oral antidiabetic agents, antiplatelets, statins, fibrates, lipid lowering agents (not further specified)
Treatment of hepatitis C	Start- and stop-date† Start- and stop dosage† Discontinuation of anti-HCV treatment before scheduled, and reason for discontinuation† Adherence to anti-HCV treatment† Adverse events to anti-HCV treatment and outcome of adverse event†
Other medical treatment	Opiate substitution therapy† Antipsychotic therapy‡ Antidepressant drugs‡ Benzodiazepines‡ Vitamin D‡ Bisphosphonates‡ Treatment against infections (including primary prophylaxis)‡
Clinical events and adverse events to antiretrovirals	All AIDS-defining events (according to the CDC 1993 definition) [1] AIDS- and non-AIDS defining malignancies Cause of death Cardiovascular events (myocardial infarction (MI), invasive coronary procedure (ICP)) Diabetes mellitus End stage renal disease (ESRD) End stage liver disease (ESLD) Fractures Avascular necrosis‡ Pancreatitis‡ Lipodystrophy‡
Plasma samples	Plasma samples collected twice annually from majority of clinics
Selected specific surveys and laboratory measurements	EuroSIDA clinic survey [45] Centrally tested prostate specific antigen [49] Survey of ATRIPLA use as first-line therapy [51] Centrally tested HCV RNA and HCV genotype [36,52] Centrally tested Vitamin D levels [53,54] Centrally tested hyaluronic acid [47,55] Centrally tested hepatitis delta [56] Centrally tested resistance [48] Survey of dialysis and renal transplantation [57]

**Table 2: Data available in EuroSIDA** \* collected only at enrolment into EuroSIDA. \*\* collected for all at enrolment into EuroSIDA, thereafter only for HIV/HCV-coinfected participants. † from dataset 44 (2016) and onward collected for HIV/HCV-coinfected participants only. ‡ not collected after dataset 44 (2016). § collected since dataset 45 (2017).  $\upmu$  collected since dataset 43 (2015). Numbers in brackets refer to references.