

Table 1. Summarized information about total sample size, sex, age at death, and provenance of each taxon.

Species	Total <i>n</i>	Sex <sup>a</sup> M/F/?	Age <sup>b</sup> I/J/A/?	Malleus/Incus/ Stapes	Provenance <sup>c</sup> W/Z/?
<i>Homo sapiens</i>	57	17/12/28	0/11/46/0	39/43/19	-
<i>Pan paniscus</i>	1	0/1/0	0/1/0/0	1/1/1	1/0/0
<i>Pan troglodytes</i>	30	11/8/7	1/13/13/3	21/18/10	24/5/1
<i>Gorilla beringei</i>	3	1/1/1	0/2/1/0	3/3/2	3/0/0
<i>Gorilla gorilla</i>	13	3/7/3	1/5/6/1	13/10/5	11/1/1
<i>Pongo</i> sp.	15	6/3/6	4/2/5/4	11/11/5	7/4/4
<i>Symphalangus syndactylus</i>	5	0/2/3	0/3/2/0	5/4/3	5/0/0

<sup>a</sup>Sex: male (M) / female (F) / unknown (?).

<sup>b</sup>Age: infant (I), M1 un-erupted / juvenile (J), M1 but not M3 erupted / adult (A), M3 erupted / unknown (?).

<sup>c</sup>Provenance: wild (W) / zoo (Z) / unknown (?).

Table 2. Malleus: *P*-values of malleus mean shape differences among hominoid species.<sup>a</sup>

	<i>P.</i>	<i>G.</i>	<i>G.</i>	<i>Pongo</i>	<i>S.</i>
	<i>troglydytes</i>	<i>beringei</i>	<i>gorilla</i>	sp.	<i>syndactylus</i>
	( <i>n</i> =21)	( <i>n</i> =3)	( <i>n</i> =13)	( <i>n</i> =11)	( <i>n</i> =5)
<i>H. sapiens</i>	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
( <i>n</i> =39)					
<i>P.troglydytes</i>	-	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
( <i>n</i> =21)					
<i>G. beringei</i>		-	0.001	0.003	0.03
( <i>n</i> =3)					
<i>G. gorilla</i>			-	<0.001	<0.001
( <i>n</i> =13)					
<i>Pongo</i> sp.				-	0.004
( <i>n</i> =11)					

<sup>a</sup>*P. paniscus* not included since sample size *n*=1

Table 3. Malleus: mean scores of the first three principal components.

<i>Species</i>	PC 1	PC 2	PC 3
<i>H. sapiens</i>	0.051	-0.001	-0.001
<i>P. paniscus</i>	-0.025	0.037	0.052
<i>P. troglodytes</i>	-0.03	0.022	0.043
<i>G. beringei</i>	-0.044	-0.023	-0.001
<i>G. gorilla</i>	-0.039	-0.062	0.011
<i>Pongo</i> sp.	-0.037	0.037	-0.035
<i>S. syndactylus</i>	-0.06	-0.005	-0.083

Table 4. Malleus: ancestral coordinate estimation of the first three principal components.<sup>a</sup>

Taxon	PC 1	s.e.m.	PC 2	s.e.m.	PC 3	s.e.m.
Hominidae	-0.030	0.004	0.008	0.005	-0.021	0.004
Homininae	-0.016	0.006	-0.003	0.007	0.008	0.005
<i>Gorilla</i>	-0.039	0.004	-0.039	0.004	0.005	0.003
<i>Pan</i>	-0.023	0.004	0.024	0.005	0.041	0.004
Hominini	-0.007	0.006	0.004	0.007	0.014	0.005

<sup>a</sup>s.e.m. standard error of mean

Table 5. Incus: *P*-values of incus mean shape differences among hominoid species.<sup>a</sup>

	<i>P.</i>	<i>G.</i>	<i>G.</i>	<i>Pongo</i>	<i>S.</i>
	<i>troglodytes</i>	<i>beringei</i>	<i>gorilla</i>	sp.	<i>syndactylus</i>
	( <i>n</i> =18)	( <i>n</i> =3)	( <i>n</i> =10)	( <i>n</i> =11)	( <i>n</i> =4)
<i>H. sapiens</i>	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
( <i>n</i> =43)					
<i>P. troglodytes</i>	-	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
( <i>n</i> =18)					
<i>G. beringei</i>		-	0.01	0.003	0.057 (n.s.)
( <i>n</i> =3)					
<i>G. gorilla</i>			-	<0.001	0.001
( <i>n</i> =10)					
<i>Pongo</i> sp.				-	0.014
( <i>n</i> =11)					

<sup>a</sup>n.s. not significant; *P. paniscus* not included since sample size *n*=1

Table 6. Incus: mean scores of the first three principal components.

<i>Species</i>	PC 1	PC 2	PC 3
<i>H. sapiens</i>	-0.048	0.006	-0.012
<i>P. paniscus</i>	0.024	0.037	0.043
<i>P. troglodytes</i>	0.071	0.053	-0.009
<i>G. beringei</i>	0.019	-0.050	-0.012
<i>G. gorilla</i>	0.052	-0.079	-0.013
<i>Pongo</i> sp.	0.010	-0.030	0.047
<i>S. syndactylus</i>	0.005	0.004	0.063

Table 7. Incus: ancestral coordinate estimation of the first three principal components.<sup>a</sup>

Taxon	PC 1	s.e.m.	PC 2	s.e.m.	PC 3	s.e.m.
Hominidae	0.012	0.006	-0.012	0.005	0.027	0.005
Homininae	0.015	0.008	-0.009	0.007	0.006	0.006
<i>Gorilla</i>	0.034	0.005	-0.060	0.004	-0.011	0.004
<i>Pan</i>	0.040	0.006	0.037	0.005	0.015	0.005
Hominini	0.011	0.008	0.004	0.007	0.005	0.006

<sup>a</sup>s.e.m. standard error of mean

Table 8. Stapes: *P*-values of stapes mean shape differences among hominoid species.<sup>a</sup>

	<i>P.</i>	<i>G.</i>	<i>G.</i>	<i>Pongo</i>	<i>S.</i>
	<i>troglodytes</i>	<i>beringei</i>	<i>gorilla</i>	sp.	<i>syndactylus</i>
	( <i>n</i> =10)	( <i>n</i> =2)	( <i>n</i> =5)	( <i>n</i> =5)	( <i>n</i> =3)
<i>H. sapiens</i>	<0.001	0.009	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
( <i>n</i> =19)					
<i>P. troglodytes</i>	-	0.089(n.s)	0.037	<0.001	0.002
( <i>n</i> =10)					
<i>G. beringei</i>		-	0.619(n.s)	0.188(n.s.)	0.199 (n.s.)
( <i>n</i> =2)					
<i>G. gorilla</i>			-	0.007	0.017
( <i>n</i> =5)					
<i>Pongo</i> sp.				-	0.137
( <i>n</i> =5)					

<sup>a</sup>n.s. not significant; *P. paniscus* not included since sample size *n*=1

Table 9. Stapes: mean scores of the first three principal components.

<i>Species</i>	PC 1	PC 2	PC 3
<i>H. sapiens</i>	-0.055	-0.009	-0.013
<i>P. paniscus</i>	0.046	0.05	-0.009
<i>P. troglodytes</i>	-0.006	0.011	0.009
<i>G. beringei</i>	0.041	-0.02	0.015
<i>G. gorilla</i>	0.044	0.021	0.006
<i>Pongo</i> sp.	0.086	-0.015	0.03
<i>S. syndactylus</i>	0.111	0.005	-0.014

Table 10. Stapes: ancestral coordinate estimation of the first three principal components.<sup>a</sup>

Taxon	PC 1	s.e.m.	PC 2	s.e.m.	PC 3	s.e.m.
Hominidae	0.055	0.006	0.000	0.005	0.007	0.002
Homininae	0.020	0.008	0.006	0.007	0.002	0.003
<i>Gorilla</i>	0.041	0.005	0.001	0.004	0.010	0.002
<i>Pan</i>	0.018	0.006	0.026	0.005	0.000	0.002
Hominini	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.007	-0.001	0.003

<sup>a</sup>s.e.m. standard error of mean