

Pictures and Perspectives

Swept source OCT image of a choroidal macrovessel

Omar A. Mahroo, FRCOphth, PhD¹

Renata A. Puertas, AMRCOphth²

Zubin Saihan, FRCOphth, PhD¹

1. Retinal Service, Moorfields Eye Hospital, 162 City Rd, London UK EC1V 2PD
2. Glaucoma Service, Moorfields Eye Hospital, 162 City Rd, London UK EC1V 2PD

Correspondence:

Zubin Saihan at address (1) above

Email: zubin.saihan@moorfields.nhs.uk

Tel: +44 2072533411

A 79 year-old woman with previous angle closure glaucoma was found to have an area of retinal elevation on optical coherence tomography (OCT). This was thought to be a choroidal mass, and the patient was referred to the retinal clinic. On fundoscopy a faint area of serpigoid pallor was seen in the area of the lesion (Figure 1A), suggestive of a choroidal macrovessel. Indocyanine angiography (Figure 1B) confirmed the diagnosis, and swept source OCT was also undertaken (Figure 1C), which showed a large hyporeflective area in the choroid, corresponding with the lumen of the macrovessel.

Figure 1

