

Table 5. Relative risk of CHD death according to intake of total fat, saturated fat and Keys' fat difference<sup>a</sup> in men and women aged 40-75.

model	relative risk of CHD death from 100g/wk increase in specified fat			
	CHD deaths (n)	RR	95% CI	p value
<b>men</b>				
<b>total fat</b>				
age adjusted	98	1.04	0.95 - 1.13	0.4083
multivariate adjusted <sup>b</sup>	98	1.01	0.93 - 1.10	0.8547
<b>saturated fat</b>				
age adjusted	98	1.05	0.90 - 1.22	0.5372
multivariate adjusted <sup>b</sup>	98	1.00	0.86 - 1.18	0.9591
<b>Keys' fat difference<sup>a</sup></b>				
age adjusted	98	1.02	0.94 - 1.10	0.6369
multivariate adjusted <sup>b</sup>	98	1.00	0.92 - 1.08	0.9332
<b>women</b>				
<b>total fat</b>				
age adjusted	57	1.18	1.03 - 1.35	0.0192
multivariate adjusted <sup>b</sup>	56	1.19	1.03 - 1.37	0.0181
<b>saturated fat</b>				
age adjusted	57	1.38	1.09 - 1.74	0.0076
multivariate adjusted <sup>b</sup>	56	1.40	1.09 - 1.79	0.0074
<b>Keys' fat difference<sup>a</sup></b>				
age adjusted	57	1.17	1.04 - 1.32	0.0102
multivariate adjusted <sup>b</sup>	56	1.18	1.04 - 1.34	0.0086

<sup>a</sup> Keys' fat difference = 2(saturated fat) - (polyunsaturated fat)

<sup>b</sup> age, alcohol consumption (4 categories), smoking (2 categories), exercise (2 categories), and social class (2 categories)